

CHARACTERIZATION OF COMPOSITE AND METALLIC BIPOLAR PLATES

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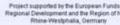
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ZBT Zentrum für Brennstoffzellen Technik is

- Independent R&D service provider
- Dedicated to hydrogen and fuel cell technology
- ~ 100 full time employes
- Focussing on applied technologies

Core technologies and services

- Bipolar plates
- Fuel cell stacks < 3 kW
- Fuel reforming
- Fuel cell system technologies (H₂, reformate)
- Production technologies
- Testing for certificates (accredited testing lab)





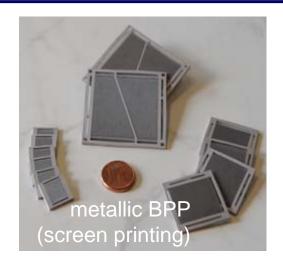
Types of bipolar plates – ZBT technologies













Gräbener Maschinentechnik GmbH / ZBT



Bipolar plate requirements – US Department of Energy

rements for PEM fue	el cell	
Unit	Value	
$m\Omega$ cm ² cm ³ (cm ² s) ⁻¹ kg/kW g cm ⁻³	<20 <2.10 ⁻⁶ <1 <5	being established established established being established established being established being established established bestablished
	Unit MPa MPa S cm ⁻¹ μA cm ⁻² mΩ cm ² cm ³ (cm ² s) ⁻¹ kg/kW g cm ⁻³ W (m K) ⁻¹	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

^[1] Antunes, R.A., Oliveira, M. C. L., Ett, G. et al. 2010. Corrosion of metal bipolar plates for PEM fuel cells: A review. International Journal of Hydrogen Energy 35 (2010) 3632-3647

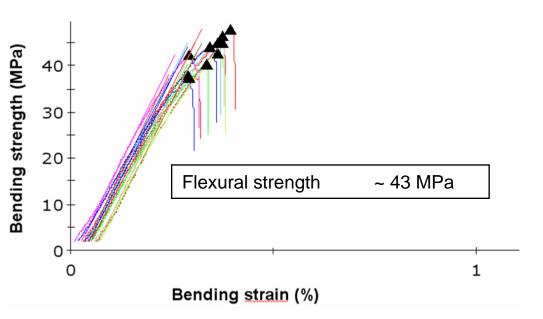


Flexural and tensile strength – method of measurement

Determination of mechanical characters:

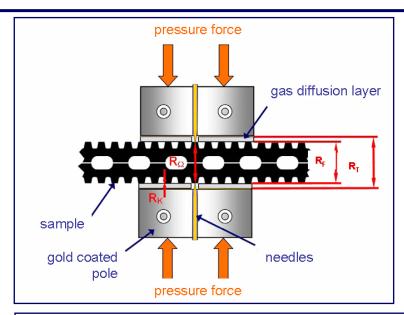
- Three-point bending test for flexural strength
- Tensile test for tensile strength is being established

3-point bending test of ZBT injection molded material for LT application

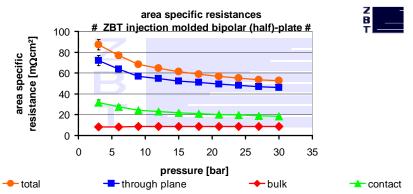




electrical conductivity / contact resistance – method of measurement



"Gaining resistive pressure dependent surfaceand bulk-information in the same measurement."



measured resistance:

$$\bullet R_{total} = 2 R_{GDL}^+ + 2 R_{contact}^- + R_{bulk}^-$$

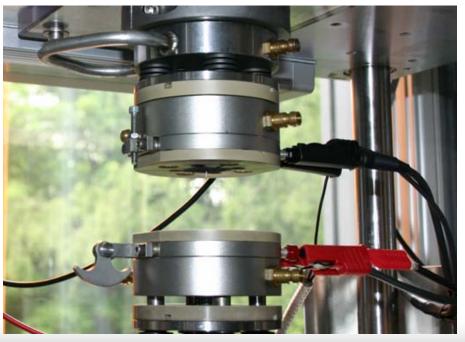
 ${}^{\bullet}\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{bulk}}$

 $^{+}(R_{GDL}$ determined prior to measurement)

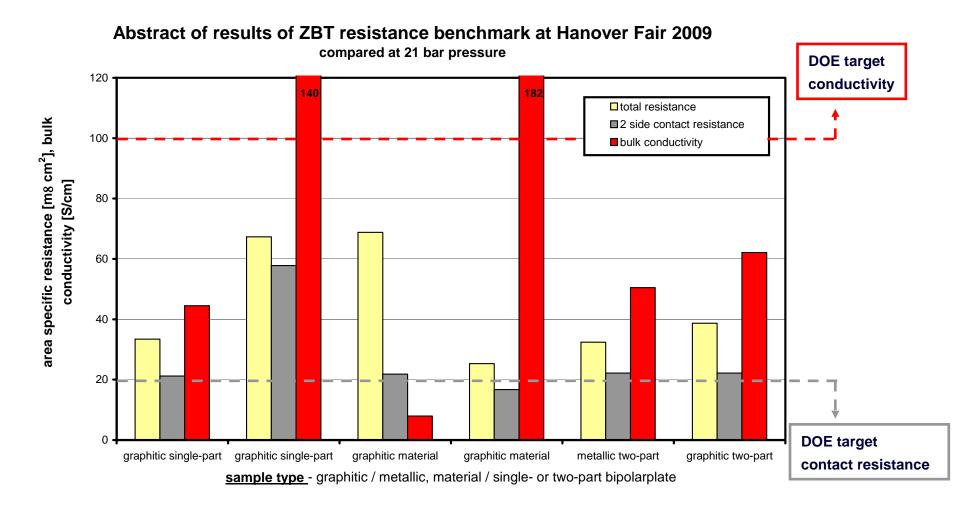
calculated resistance

$$\bullet R_{forward} = R_{total} - 2 R_{GDL}$$

$$\bullet R_{contact} = R_{forward} - R_{bulk}$$



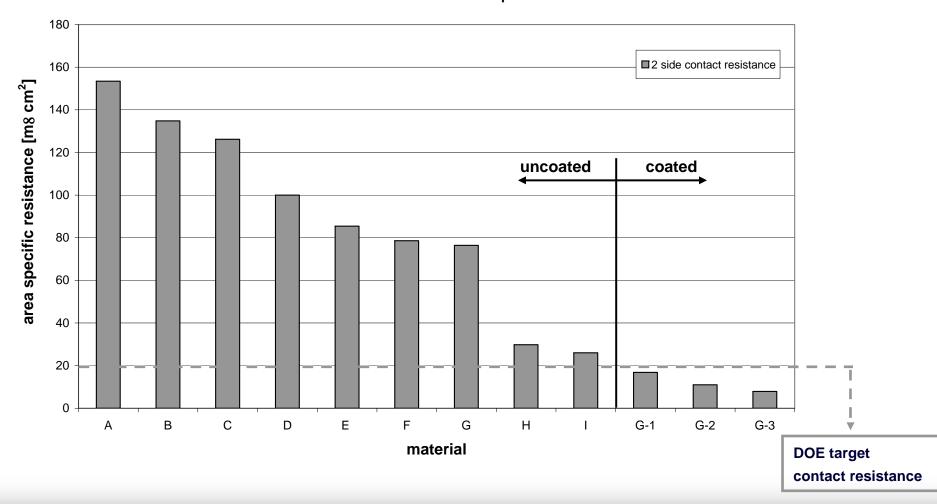
electrical conductivity / contact resistance – results



electrical conductivity / contact resistance – results

area specific resistances at 21 bar pressure

uncoated and coated metal samples





Immersion test – method of measurement

Accelerated ageing of PEMFC components (bipolar plates, gaskets) in fuel cell simulating environment.

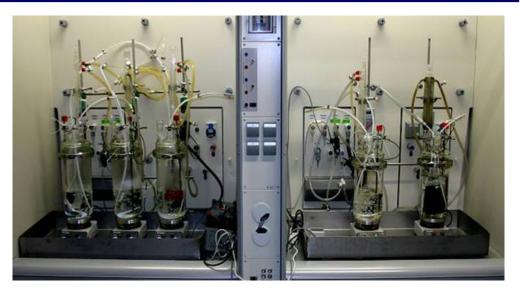
- dest water / sulphuric acid / phosphoric acid
- temperature 40 − 80°C
- gas purge (air, hydrogen)

Ageing characteristics of samples:

- sample mass
- sample thickness
- roughness / waviness
- modulus of elasticity
- nano structure (REM)

Ageing characteristics of soaking liquid:

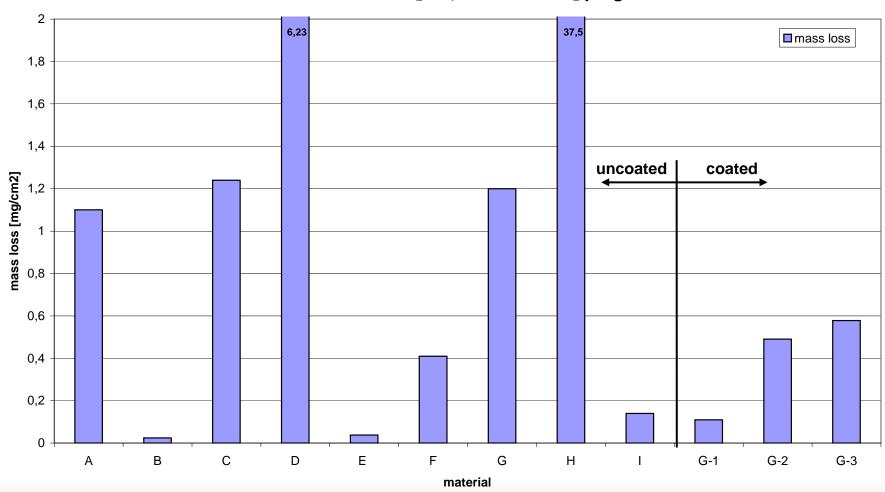
conductometry





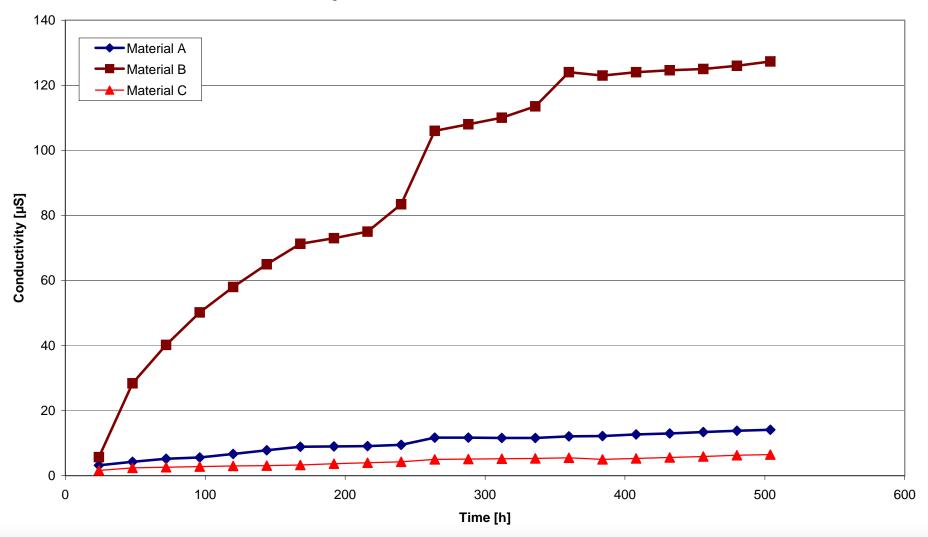
"Potentiostatic and potentiodynamic voltammetry is being established for determination of corrosion restance."

Mass loss of uncoated and coated sheet metal (0,1 mm) 4 weeks in 1.0 M H₂SO₄ at 80°C and O₂ purge



Conductivity of immersion liquid

3 elastomeric gasket materials in distilled water for 500 hours at 80°C



Determination of density:

- Gas Pycnometry (Quantachrome, Ultrapycnometer 1000)
- Measurement referring to Boyle-Mariotte
- Using He as displacement gas
- Dimension of measuring chamber Ø 49 mm x 75 mm
- Measuring at standard temperature (25°C)
- Averaging 5 measurements

"Used as quality assurance tool for compound material developement."







Calibration spheres

Thermal Conductivity - method of measurement

Is being established

- Determination of thermal conductivity
- "Measurement of through plane- and in plane thermal conductivity of anisotropic materials."
- Determination of heat capacity
- Determination of temperature conductivity

"To be used as quality assurance tool for compound material development."





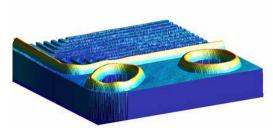
"Hot disk"- thermal conductivity measuring device

3D-Scan (FRT, MicroProof-TTV)

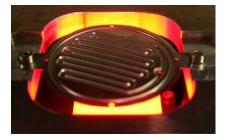
Determination of topographical deviation



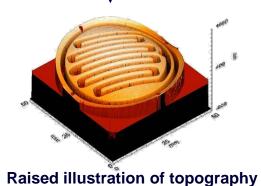
Measurement setup



Screen printed sealing on compound bipolar plate



Sheet metal bipolar plate



Contact angle measurement



Method

Material	Surface preparation	Laplace - Young	Tangential	
104 St	untreated	108,7°	114,8°	
104 St	treated	117.4°	124.7°	



Long-term testing of short stacks / cell components

The test rig consists of three identical testing places. It is designed to compare small differences between the three setups respective stack components or operating conditions.

Testing goals: Qualification and comparison of

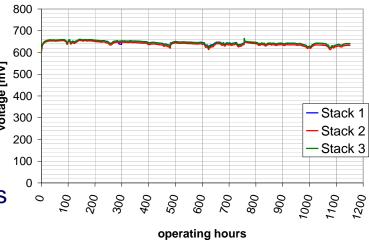
- stack components (gaskets, bpp materials etc.)
- media supply, control strategies, BOP components

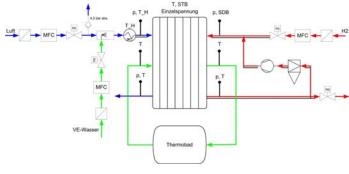
Test setup (standard setup)

- 3 short stacks (5 cells) in parallel
- H₂ recirculation, (no) cathode humidification



average voltage of 3 x 5 cells with a dry cathode supply





- ZBT has developed graphite based and metallic bipolar plate technologies since
 2002
- A large bandwidth of qualification procedures and technologies have been established for bipolar plates and materials
- Services are being offered for industry and science



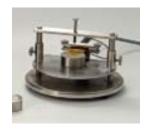
Electrical conductivity



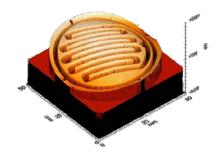
Mechanical properties



Material density



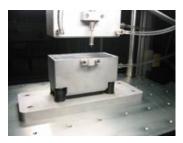
Heat conductivity



3D-Topography- and thickness



Optical inspection (Stereo-microscope)



Force-deflection / Stability



Leaching tests / In-Cell-Tests

- State of Northrhine Westfalia and European Union for supporting
 - ZBT and the initial R&D regarding bipolar plates
 - Project "NETZ"
 - Project "HiperLoco"
- Bundesministerium f
 ür Wirtschaft supporting
 - Lebensdauerprognose 03ET2006A
 - Projects of Industrial Gemeinschaftsforschung regarding bipolar plates
- Bundesministerium f
 ür Bildung und Forschung
 - Project CarboPlate
 - Project MetallBip
- Our R&D partners
- The team at ZBT (Thorsten Derieth, Lars Kühnemann, Claus Irsa, Sebastian Brokamp and many others)